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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE 08/21/2006		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Richard Kim	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 6750-189-999	CONFIRMATION NO. 3898	
10/567,702						
20583 JONES DAY	7590	07/16/2009		EXAMINER		
222 EAST 41ST ST				HOLLERAN, ANNE L		
NEW YORK,	NY 10017			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
				1643		
				MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
				07/16/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.



Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/567,702	KIM, RICHARD
Examiner	Art Unit
ANNE L. HOLLERAN	1643

- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

after - If NC - Failu Any (nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- opened for reply is specified above, the maximum single to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	munication. tatutory period will apply and wil y will, by statute, cause the appli	Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. lication to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 September 2008.								
2a)[This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is no	on-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition	for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	ion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 2.4.8.10-15.18.22.27.30.3	<u>4,36 and 47-51</u> is/are p	pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	are withdrawn from cor	nsideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
	Claim(s) 2, 4, 8, 10-15, 18, 22, 27,	<i>30, 34, 36 and 47-51</i> i	is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or election re	equirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers								
•	The specification is objected to by the								
10)□	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) accepted or b)[objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any object	ection to the drawing(s) be	e held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
		•	ed if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected t	o by the Examiner. No	te the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) _l	☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority	r documents have been	n received						
			n received in Application No						
			ents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the Internation		• -						
• 5	See the attached detailed Office action	•	• • •						
			·						
Attachmen	t(e)								
_	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	•	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
	Notice of Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/07, 12/07, 11/08. 6) ☐ Other:								

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of species, ErbB2 for the first election of species, and "protein" for the second election of species, in the replies filed on 7/22/2008 and 9/16/2008 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

In the amendment filed 9/16/2008, claims 47-51 were added. Claims 2, 4, 8, 10-15, 18, 22, 27, 30, 34, 36 and 47-51 are pending and examined on the merits.

Information Disclosure Statement

Several citations in the IDS received 02/05/08 were lined through by the examiner because they are not in conformance with MPEP 609. The lined through citations lack a publication date.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2, 4, 8, 10-15, 18, 27, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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Claims 2, 27 and 48 are indefinite because of the phrase "therapy regimen for an ErbB-1 positive tumor". It is not clear if this phrase limits the therapy or chemotherapy to a regimen that targets ErbB-1 in particular, or if this phrase is broader in scope and refers to a chemotherapy that is standard for a particular type of cancer, where that particular type of cancer happens to be one that usually expresses ErbB1 (an ErbB-1 positive tumor, such as prostate cancer, for example).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 2, 4, 8, 10, 12 13, 15, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Slamon (US 4,968,603; issued Nov 6, 1990).

Slamon teaches a method of measuring the level of ErbB2 in a sample from a patient, such as a patient with beast cancer that has been treated with surgery. Breast cancer is a cancer that also expresses ErbB1. Slamon teaches that higher levels of ErbB2 protein correlate with a more aggressive phenotype, and a shortened time to relapse (see column 2, lines 22-35). Slamon teaches a method that further comprises treating a subject based on the patient's risk (claims 20 and 21). Slamon teaches

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immunohistochemical detection (see column 4, lines 15-42). Thus, Slamon teaches the claimed methods.

Claims 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 13, 15, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ross (US 5,994,701; issued Nov 30, 1999).

Ross teaches a method of measuring the level of ErbB2 in a sample from a patient with prostate cancer, which is an ErbB1 positive cancer, where the measurement of ErbB2 is by the detection of ErbB2 protein levels, and the measurement of ErbB2 provides a prognosis (column 3, line 64 – column 4, line 40). Ross teaches a method that comprises a treatment step because Ross teaches that a physician performing therapeutic regimens (see col. 4, lines 35-40). Therefore Ross teaches the claimed inventions.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claims 2, 4, 8, 10-13, 15, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Slamon (supra) as applied to claims 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 13, 15, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 above, and further in view of DiGiovanna (DiGiovanna, et al. Cancer Research, 55: 1946-1955, 1995).

The claims encompass a method of detecting ErbB-2 receptor related activity, such as phosphorylation of ErbB-2. Slamon does not teach detection of ErbB2 phosphorylaton.

However, DiGiovanna teaches that measurement of phosphorylation state allows a more accurate test to determine those patients whose tumors are driven by ErbB2 activity and would likely benefit from an anti-ErbB 2 activity. It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the method of Slamon to include a step of measuring ErbB2 receptor related activity, such as phosphorylation level or autophosphorylation activity, which DiGiovanna teaches correlates more closely with a response to therapeutic agents such as an anti-ErbB2 antibody. One would have been motivated by the teaching of DiGiovanna that phosphorylation status of ErbB2 is a more informative predictor of response to treatment using an anti-ErbB2 antibody.

Claims 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Slamon (supra) as applied to claims 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 22, 30, 34, 36, 47-51 above, and further in view of Ballinger (US 6,387,638; issued May 14, 2002).

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The claims encompass the use of an ErbB receptor ligand as the ErbB receptor probe.

Slamon teaches as set forth above. Slamon fails to teach the use of an ErbB receptor ligand as an ErbB receptor probe. However, Ballinger teaches the use of heregulin variants (see claim 1, column 97-98) to determine whether a sample contains an ErbB receptor. It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Slamon with those of Ballinger to make the claimed methods as they relate to use of an ErbB receptor ligand as the ErbB receptor probe. One would have been motivated by the desire to find those tumors expressing ErbB receptors that had ligand binding ability.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anne Holleran, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0833. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:30 am to 5:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Helms, can be reached on (571) 272-0832. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform to the notice published in the

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Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Official Fax number for Group 1600 is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Anne L. Holleran
Patent Examiner
December 22, 2008
/Alana M. Harris, Ph.D./
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1643